## CORRIGENDUM: CRITICAL CONES FOR SUFFICIENT SECOND ORDER CONDITIONS IN PDE CONSTRAINED OPTIMIZATION\*

EDUARDO CASAS† AND MARIANO MATEOS‡

**Abstract.** We correct an error in the proof of Theorem 3.1 in [E. Casas and M. Mateos, *Critical cones for sufficient second order conditions in PDE constrained optimization*, SIAM J. Optim., 30 (2020), pp. 585–603]. With this correction, all results in that paper remain true.

**Key words.** optimal control, semilinear partial differential equations, optimality conditions, sparse controls

AMS subject classifications. 35K59, 35J61, 49K20

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All equation and lemma numbers refer to those of the paper being corrected [1]. To obtain the inequality after (3.16), we use the fact that  $||z_w||_{L^{\infty}(Q)} \leq 2\varepsilon_0$  if  $||y_u - \bar{y}||_{L^{\infty}(Q)} < \varepsilon_0$  and refer the reader to the similar inequality (3.7) obtained for  $z_{u-\bar{u}}$ . But the proof of the estimate of the norm of  $z_{u-\bar{u}}$  in  $L^{\infty}(Q)$  in terms of  $\varepsilon$  when  $||y_u - \bar{y}||_{L^{\infty}(Q)} < \varepsilon$  relies on Lemma 2.4, which is not applicable to  $z_w$ . To obtain the estimate for  $||z_w||_{L^{\infty}(Q)}$ , we proceed as follows.

First, we define the constants

$$K_{Q,3} = 2C_{Q,\infty}^3(\beta - \alpha)^2(T + \nu_{\Omega})|\Omega| \text{ and } \varepsilon_5 = \min\left\{\varepsilon_2, 8\frac{\varepsilon_0^3}{K_{Q,3}}\right\},$$

where  $C_{Q,\infty}$  is given as in Lemma 2.3. Next, we take  $u \in U_{ad}$  such that  $u - \bar{u} \in G_{\bar{u}}^{\tau}$  and  $\|y_u - \bar{y}\|_{L^{\infty}(Q)} < \varepsilon_5$ . From (3.11), the fact that  $u - \bar{u} \in G_{\bar{u}}^{\tau}$ , and (2.12) and by using that  $\varepsilon_5 \leq \varepsilon_2$ , we deduce that

$$\tau \|w\|_{L^{1}(Q)} \leq J'(\bar{u}; u - \bar{u}) \leq \tau \left( \|z_{u - \bar{u}}\|_{L^{1}(Q)} + \nu_{\Omega} \|z_{u - \bar{u}}(\cdot, T)\|_{L^{1}(Q)} \right)$$

$$\leq 2\tau (|Q| + \nu_{\Omega} |\Omega|) \varepsilon_{5} = 2\tau (T + \nu_{\Omega}) |\Omega| \varepsilon_{5}.$$

Since  $||w||_{L^{\infty}(Q)} \leq \beta - \alpha$ , with the above inequality and  $\varepsilon_5^{1/3} \leq 2\varepsilon_0/K_{Q,3}^{1/3}$  we infer that

$$||w||_{L^{3}(Q)} \leq \left( \int_{Q} (\beta - \alpha)^{2} |w(x, t)| dx dt \right)^{1/3} = (\beta - \alpha)^{2/3} \left( ||w||_{L^{1}(Q)} \right)^{1/3}$$
$$\leq (\beta - \alpha)^{2/3} \left( 2(T + \nu_{\Omega}) |\Omega| \right)^{1/3} \varepsilon_{5}^{1/3} \leq \frac{2}{C_{Q, \infty}} \varepsilon_{0}.$$

Finally, using Lemma 2.3, we obtain the desired estimate:

$$||z_w||_{L^{\infty}(Q)} \le C_{Q,\infty} ||w||_{L^3(Q)} \le 2\varepsilon_0.$$

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Departmento de Matemática Aplicada y Ciencias de la Computación, E.T.S.I. Industriales y de Telecomunicación, Universidad de Cantabria, 39005 Santander, Spain (eduardo.casas@unican.es).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>Departamento de Matemáticas, Campus de Gijón, Universidad de Oviedo, 33203 Gijón, Spain (mmateos@uniovi.es).

To complete the proof, it is enough to replace the definition of  $\varepsilon$  in (3.17) by

$$\varepsilon = \min \left\{ \varepsilon_0, \varepsilon_5, \frac{1}{C_{f, M_\infty} C_{Q, 2}} \right\}.$$

## REFERENCE

 E. CASAS AND M. MATEOS, Critical cones for sufficient second order conditions in PDE constrained optimization, SIAM J. Optim., 30 (2020), pp. 585-603, https://doi.org/10.1137/ 19M1258244.